

IBM



by zSeries 900

LUGS Meeting 30.8.2001

Peter Stammbach
IBM Schweiz
Consulting IT Specialist, High End Servers
peter.stammbach@ch.ibm.com

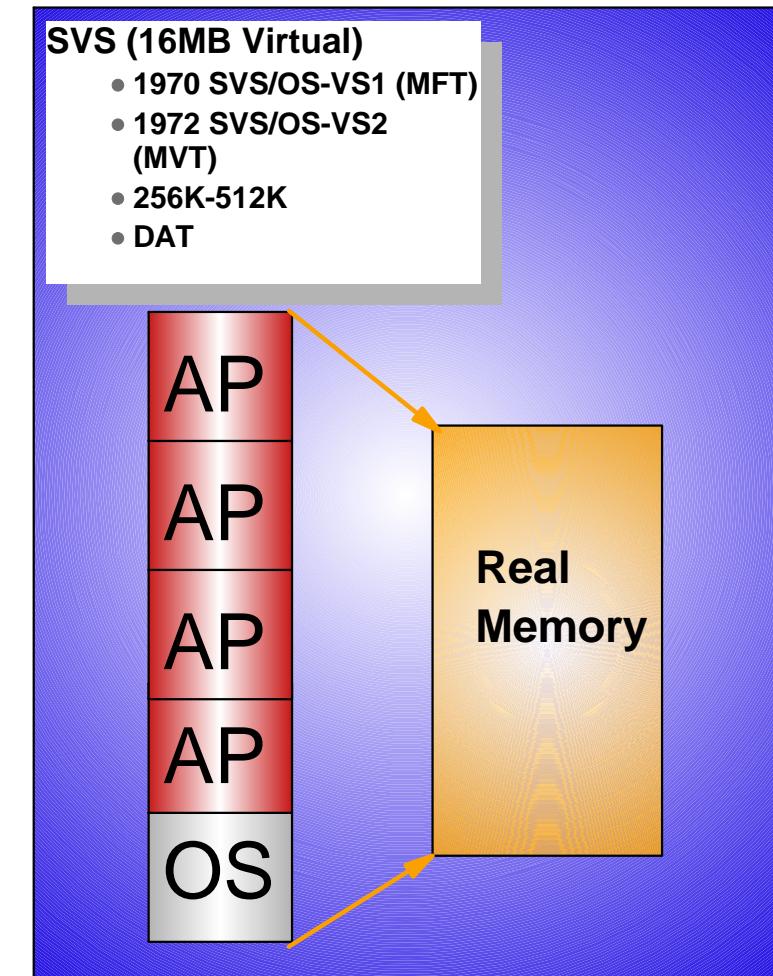
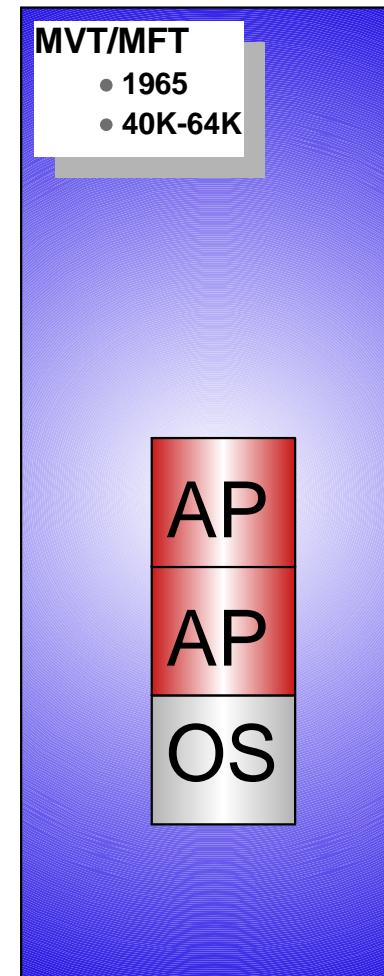
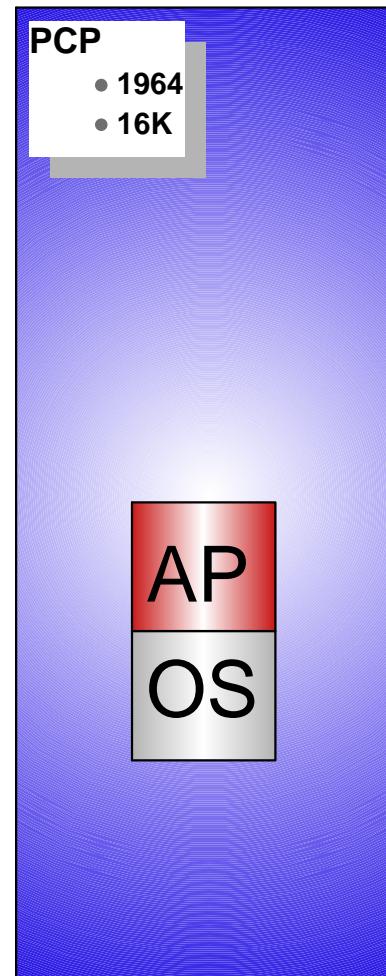




What is LINUX

- Popular UNIX-like operating system
- Developed by Linus Torvalds in 1991
- Developed & tested by Open Source community communicating via Internet
- Open Source Software distributed under terms of the GNU Public License (GPL)
- Packaged and distributed by distributors which offer support (SuSE, RedHat, Caldera, Turbo Linux, et. al.)

Roots of Strength



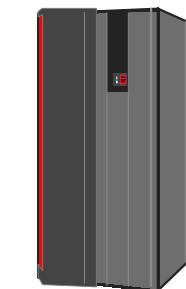
/360

/370



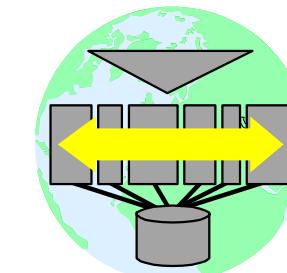
■ Bipolar (ECL) to CMOS Technology

- ▶ Reduce Costs - Compete with alternative platforms
- ▶ Restructure/Retool - engine size equivalent to 9X2



■ Single System Image to Parallel Sysplex

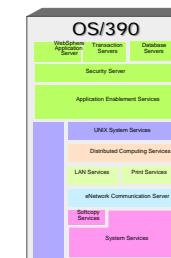
- ▶ Traditional OLTP focused
- ▶ Availability base for 24 X 7
- ▶ Scale beyond largest Single Image
 - ▶ Workload Manager



■ MVS to OS/390 to zOS

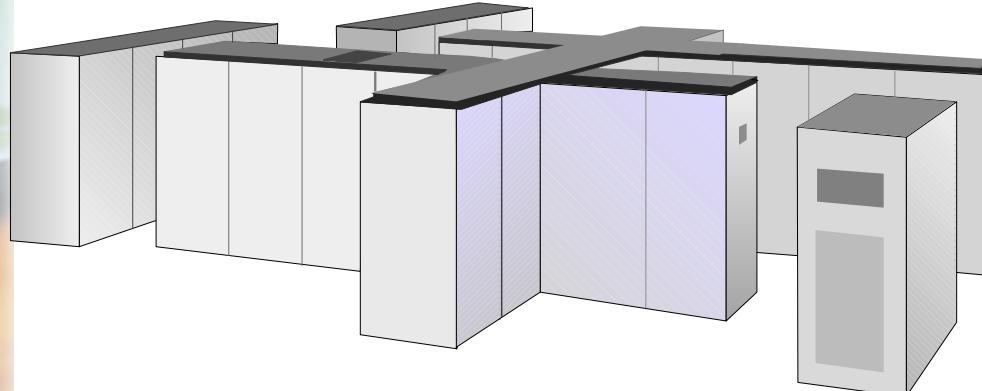
- ▶ Attract packaged Applications - Unix Interfaces
- ▶ Easier to Install - OS/390 package

System Management Services

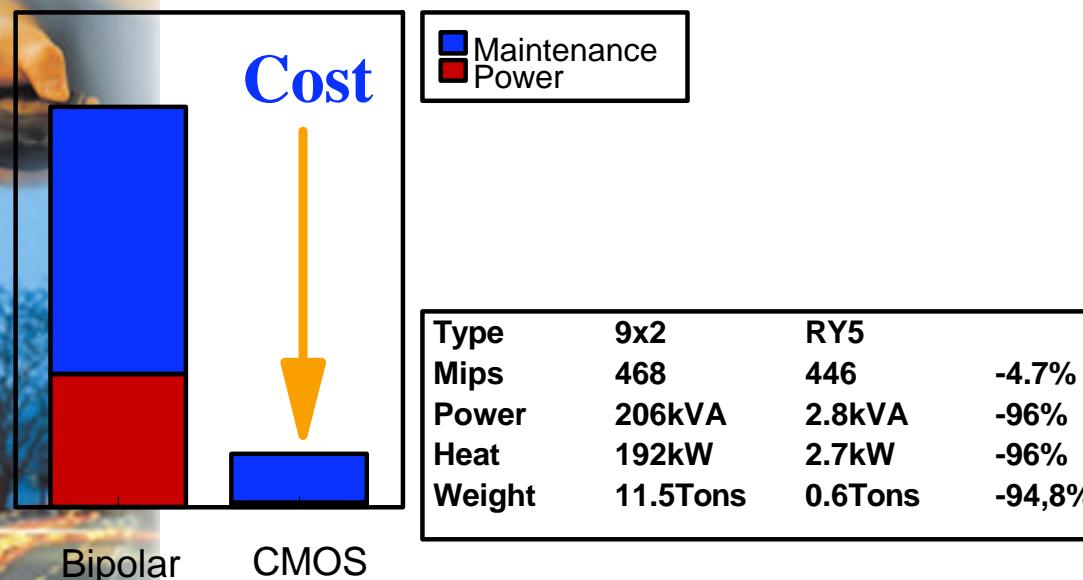


Downsizing to the Mainframe

ECL



reduced annual
running costs



CMOS

with full ESA/390 Function

- ✓ ESCON Channels
- ✓ Full Sysplex Support
- ✓ ICMF, ICF
- ✓ EMIF
- ✓ CICS SSP and SGF
- ✓ DB2 Sort and ADMF
- ✓ Data Compression
- ✓ OSA
- ✓ Enhanced PR/SM
- ✓ Cryptographic co-processor



Capacity/Performance

200

Uni-processor Comparison: Bipolar – CMOS

CMOS Single System Image Growth 25x

Uni-size Growth 15x

100

50

0

85

94

95

96

97

98

99

00

01

3090

B

3090

E

S

J

3090

9021-711

9021-520

9672-R1

9672-R2/R3

G3 Server

G4 Server

G5 Server

G6 Server

~2700 MIPS

20 engines
16-way

1644 MIPS

14 engines
12-way

1110 MIPS
12 engines
10-way

473 MIPS

500MHz

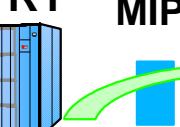
637MHz

770MHz

zSeries

R1

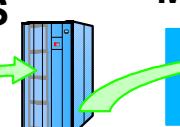
65 MIPS



September
1994

R2/3

170 MIPS



July
1995

G3

360 MIPS



September
1996

G4

473 MIPS



June
1997

G5

500MHz



September
1998

G6

637MHz

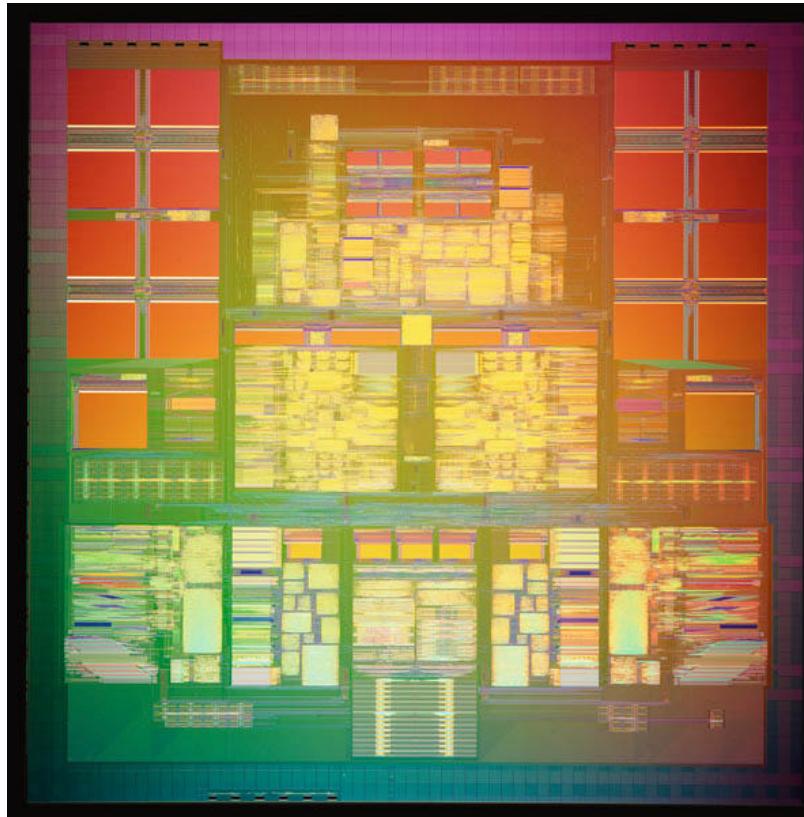


May
1999

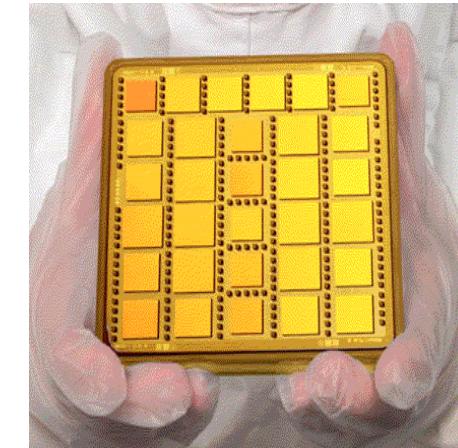
4Q
2000

xx
xxxx

Super Silicon



zSeries CMOS Chip



copper - 770MHz

20 Processors on one
Multilayer Ceramic
Module 12x12cm

z/900 Bandwith



Security Bandwidth

Crypto with
Triple DES
(up to 16000
TXs/sec)

Network Bandwidth

up to 24
Gb Ethernet
Adapters

Memory Bandwidth

24GB
Memory
Bandwidth



Parallel Sysplex Bandwidth

Internal Coupling
Channel 4GB/sec

Integrated Couple
Bus 1GB/sec

Hiper Sockets

Application Access to Data Bandwidth

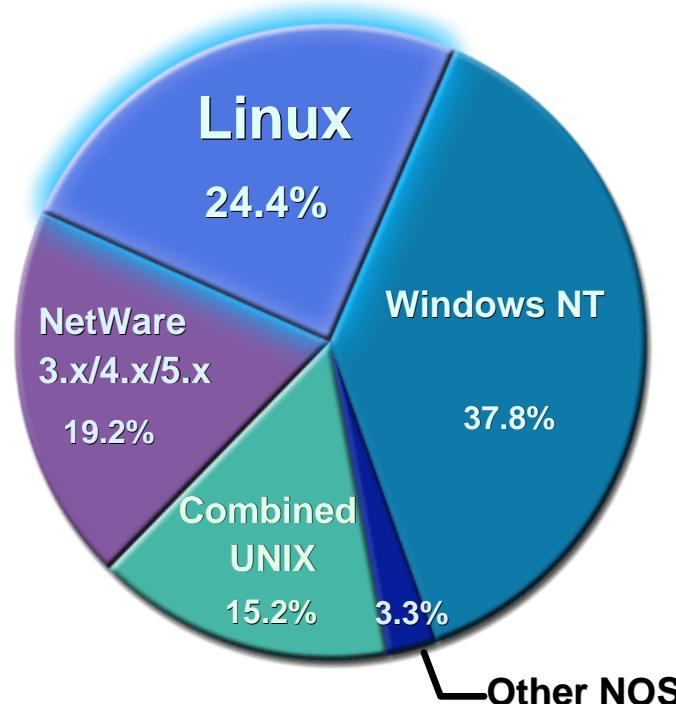
96 FICON
Channel
100 MB/sec

20 Processors, appx. 2'700 MIPS, LPAR Clustering



Linux Momentum Building

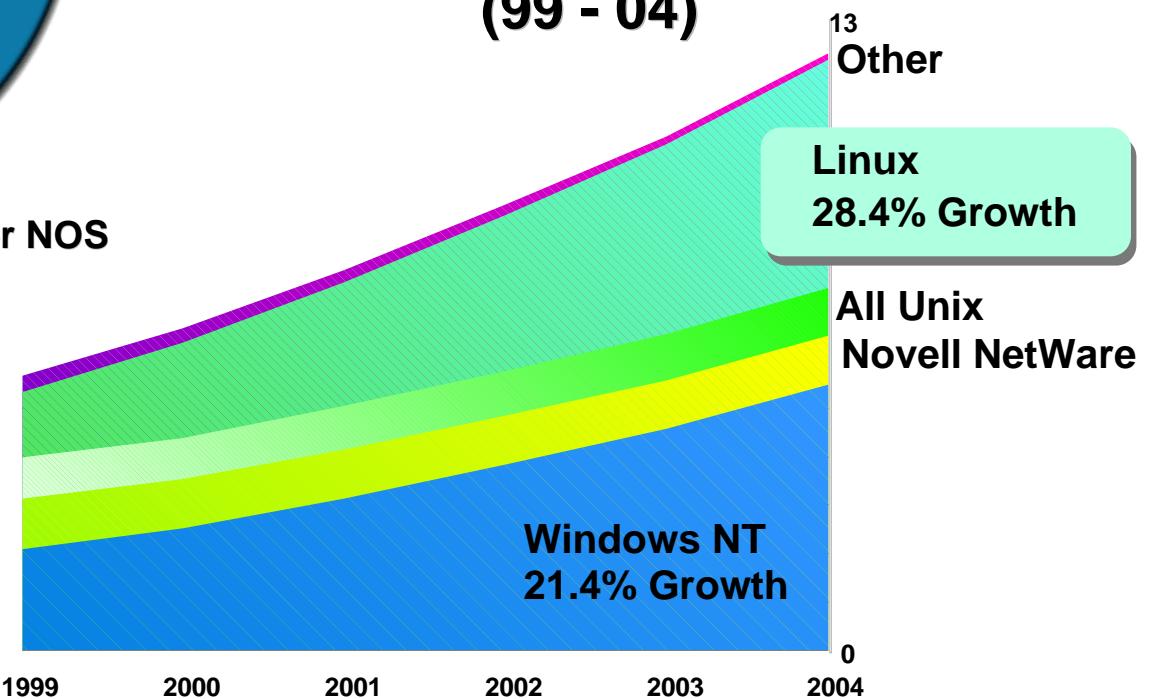
1999 New Server OS Shipments



from IDC "Server
Operating
Environments
Market Forecast &
Analysis"
June 2000

- 1998 - 1999 Linux shipments grew 93.3% YTY
- 1999: #2 volume OS
- Linux shipments projected to have highest growth (99 - 04)

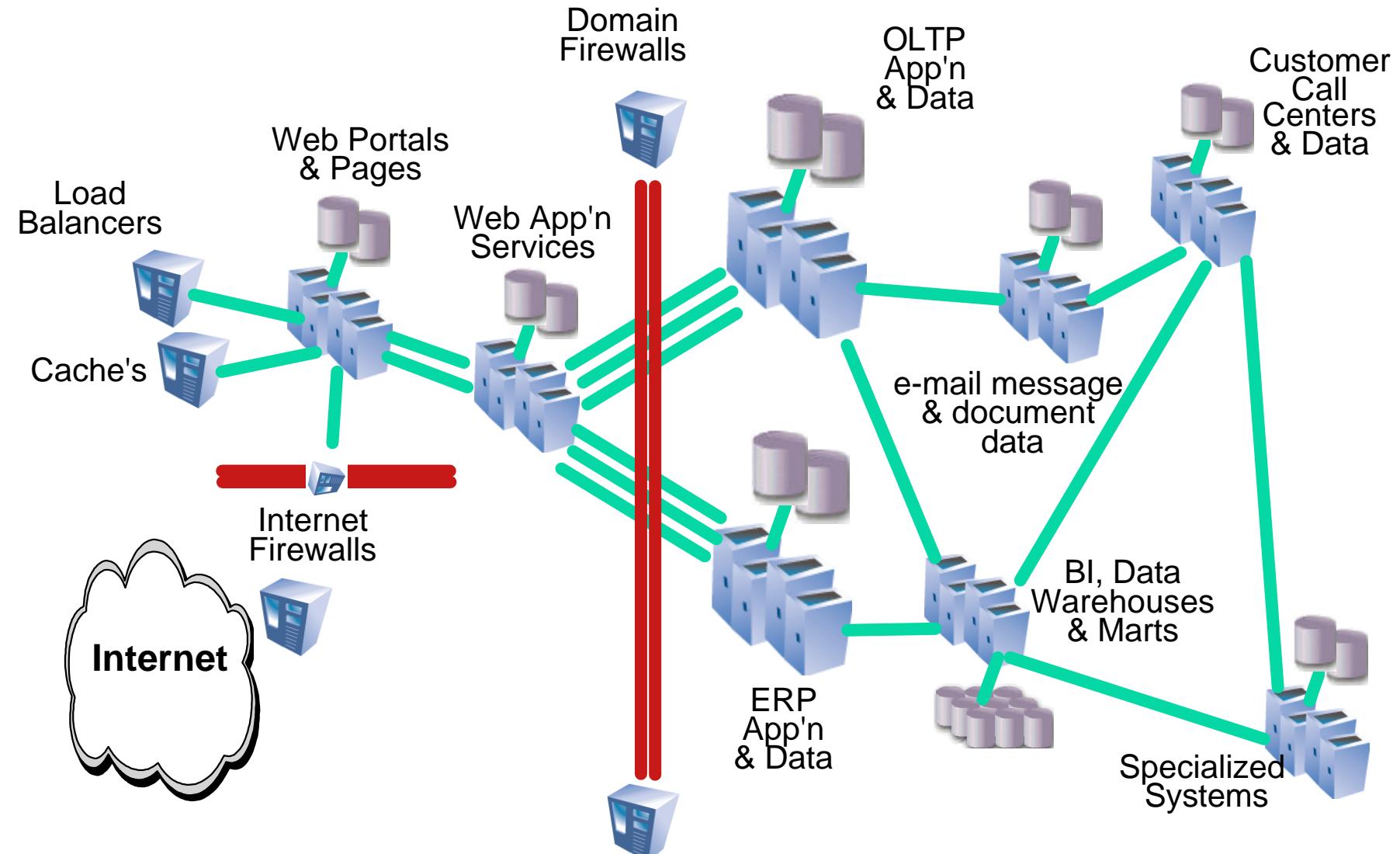
New Server OS License Forecast (99 - 04)





e-business Reality ...

A Distributed - Multi-tier - Heterogeneous Structure with Multiplication of Servers





... and the resulting Challenges

- **Explosion of transactions and servers**
- **Management of Response time**
- **Unpredictability**
- **Continuous Service**
- **E2E Security**
- **Rapid deployment of new Applications**
- **Average Utilization of Hardware**
- **Variability of Server and Communication Hardware**
- **Number of SW Licenses**
- **Managability**
- **Cost !**



Why run Linux on zSeries ?

■ Reliability

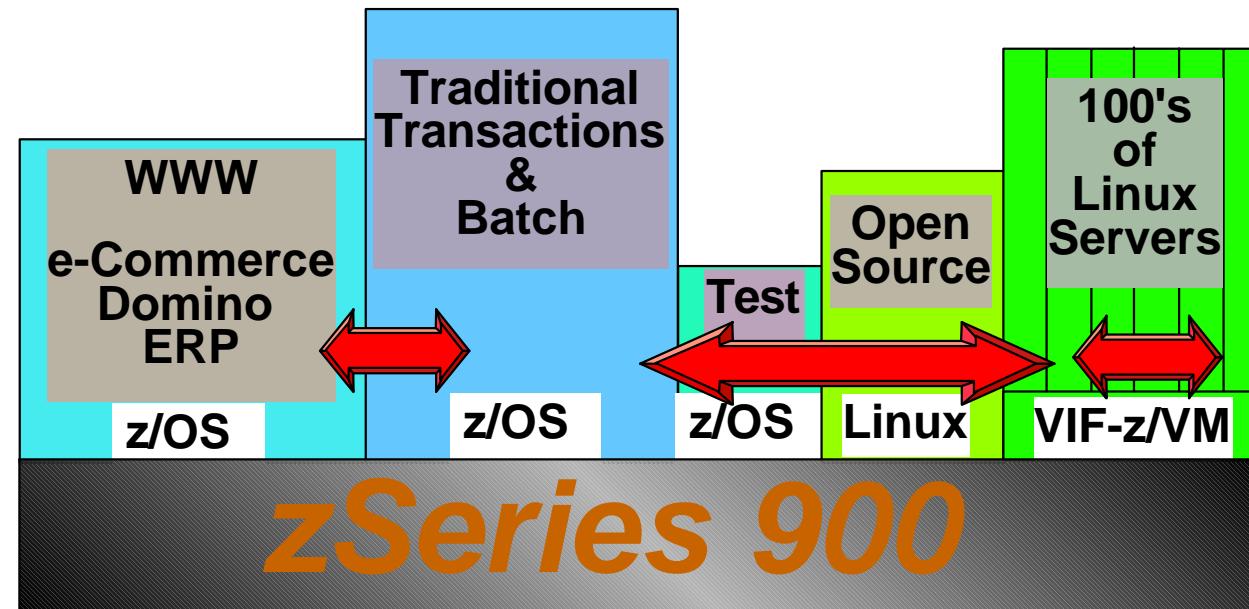
- The most reliable hardware platform in the world. Period.

■ Scalability

- 15 Linux images possible on native hardware
- Virtually unlimited Linux images possible with VM/ESA - VIF

■ Manageability

- Centralized Linux systems easier to manage / duplicate
- Use management functions from S/390 operating systems for Linux (z/OS or z/VM)

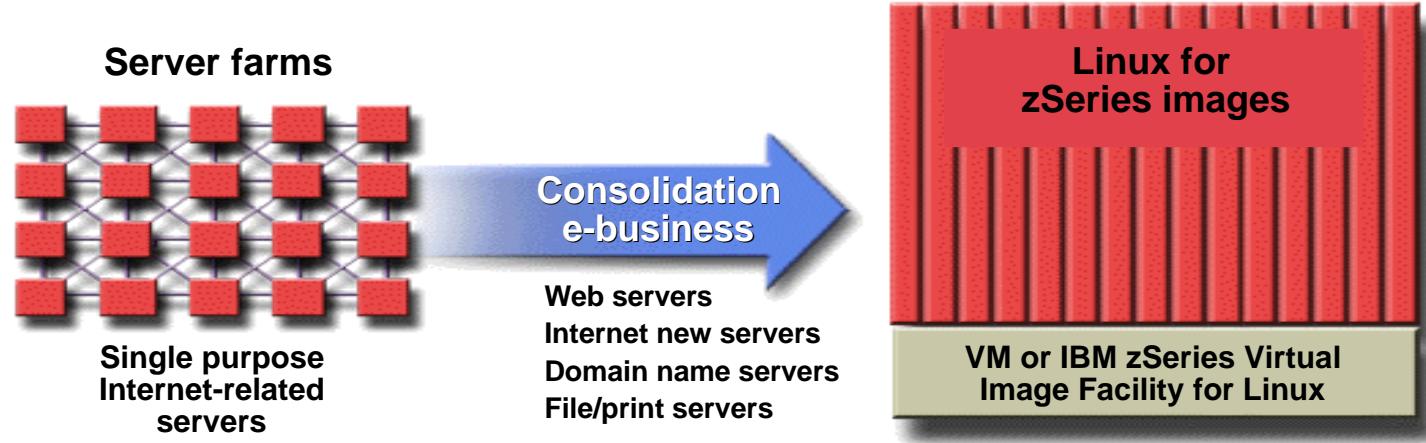


Unmatched Virtualization of Hardware

- Shared Processors
- Shared Channelsubsystem(PAV,MA,I/O Priority)
- Shared Memory (SoD)
- Virtual Highspeed Network
- I/O Bandwidth



Testplan Charly *

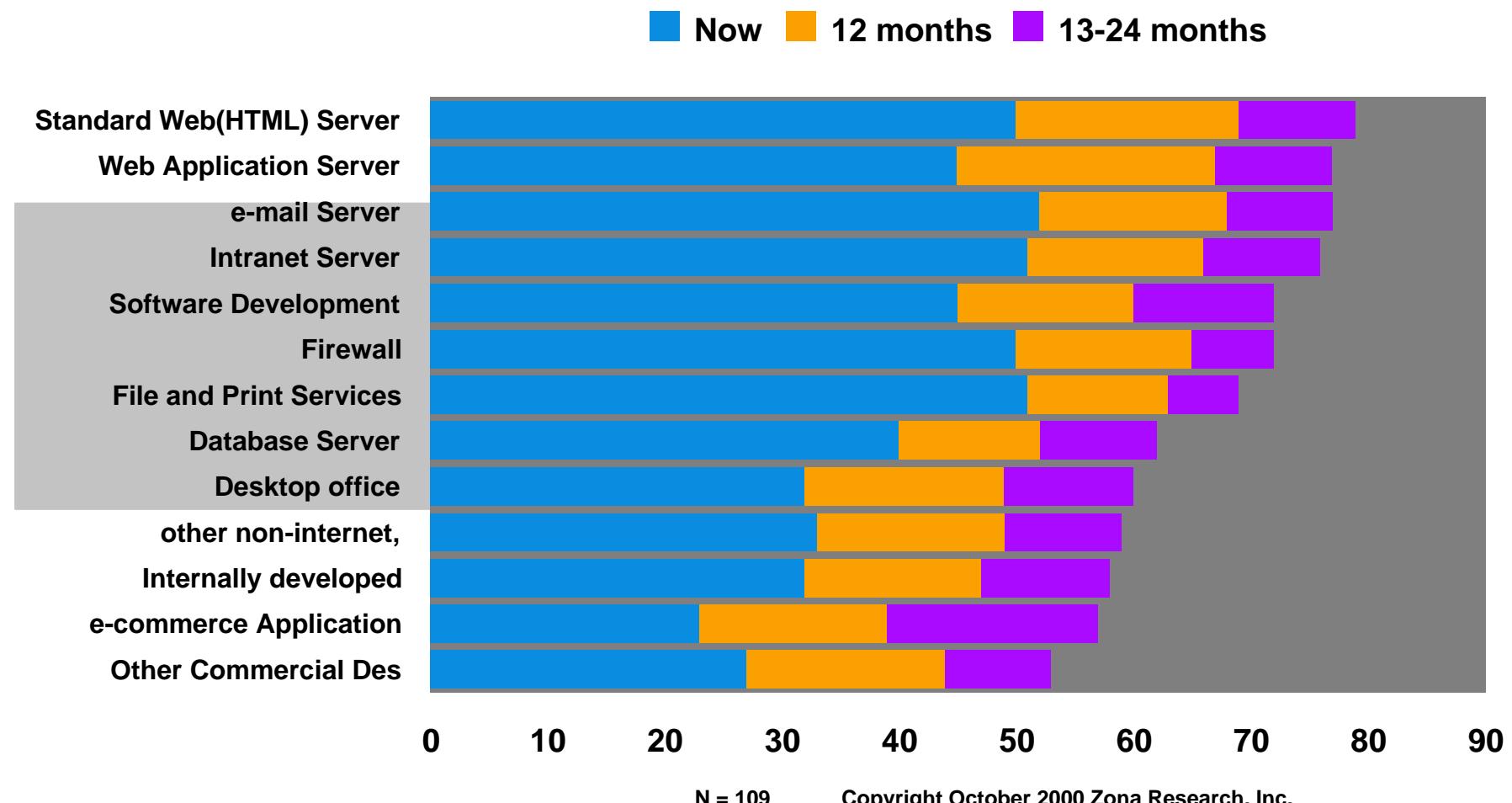


Solution area	Discrete solution	zSeries solution
Server hardware	\$10,970,000	\$676,000
Network hardware	\$1,200,000	\$375,000
Facilities rental	\$270,000 / month	0
Facilities hardware	\$585,000	\$12,000
Management servers	\$1,462,500	\$34,000 / year
Salaries	\$1,600,000 / month	\$60,000 / month
Three Year Cost Totals	\$53M	\$7M

*David Boyes, Sine Nomine Associates
http://www-1.ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/library/whitepapers/linux_trilogy.html
<http://www.linuxplanet.com/linuxplanet/print/3139/>

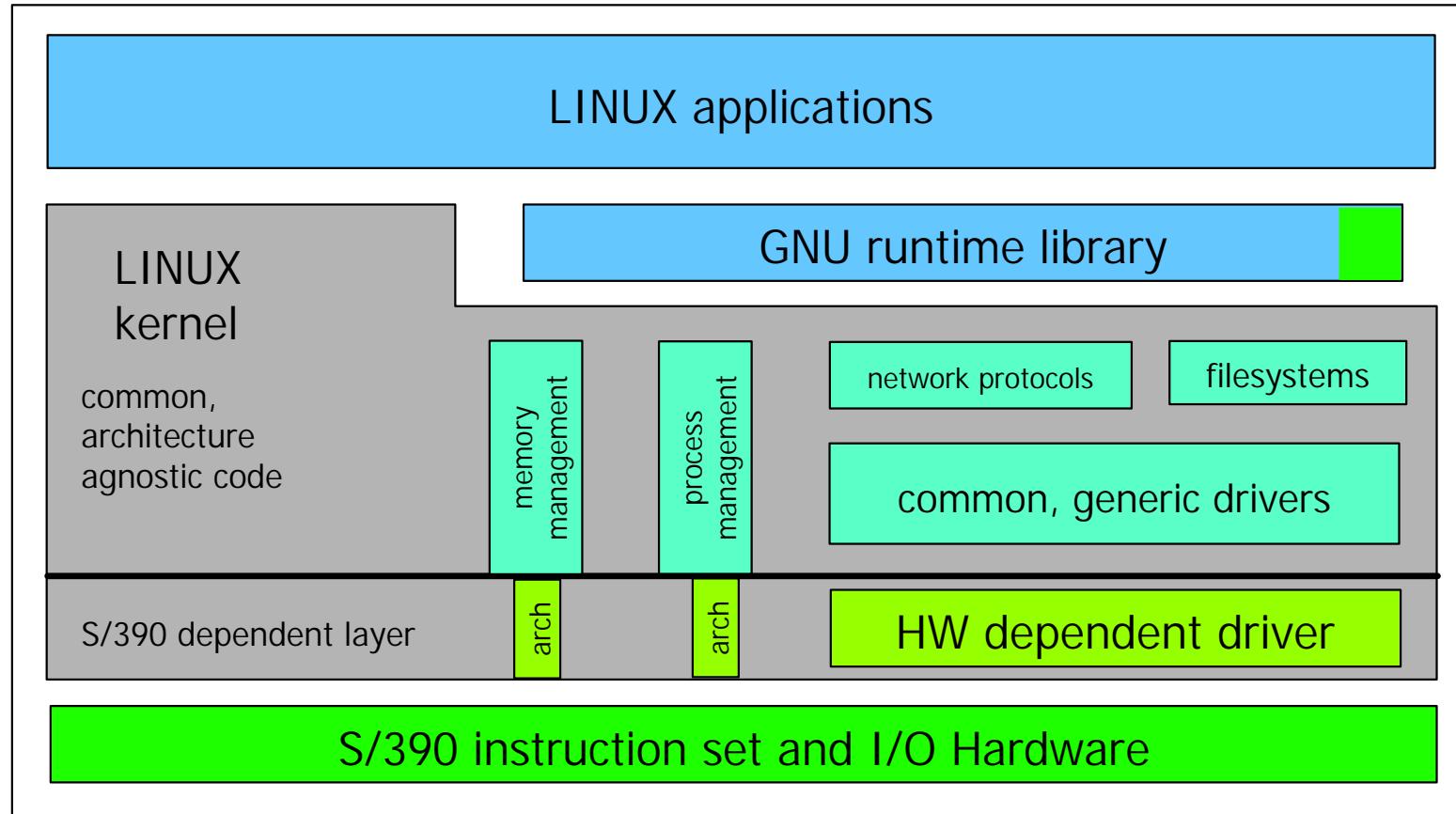
Linux Application Strengths

What Services are running on your Servers ?





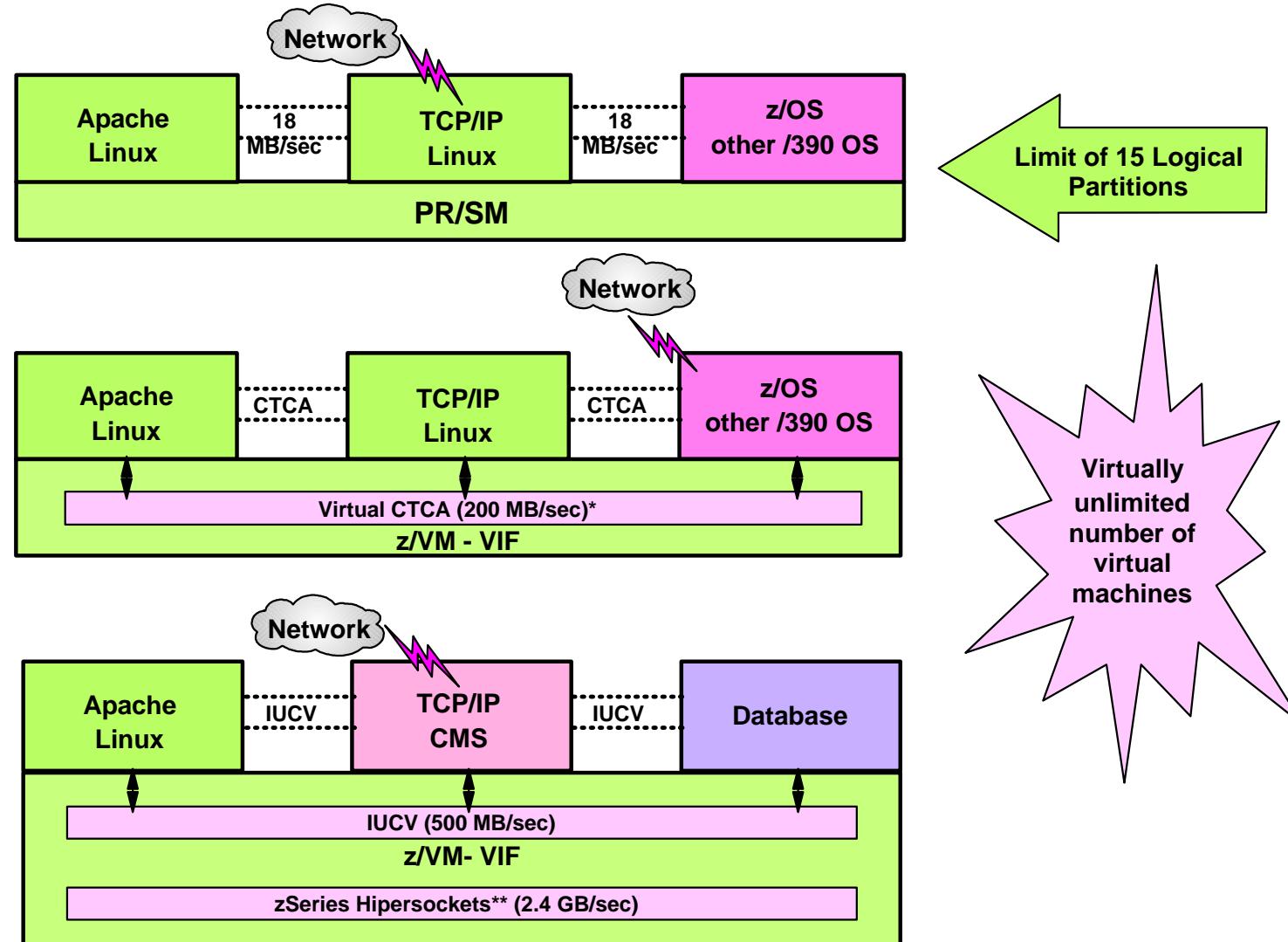
Linux for S/390 structure



*Linux - modular and highly portable.
0.85% code changes are S/390 specific*



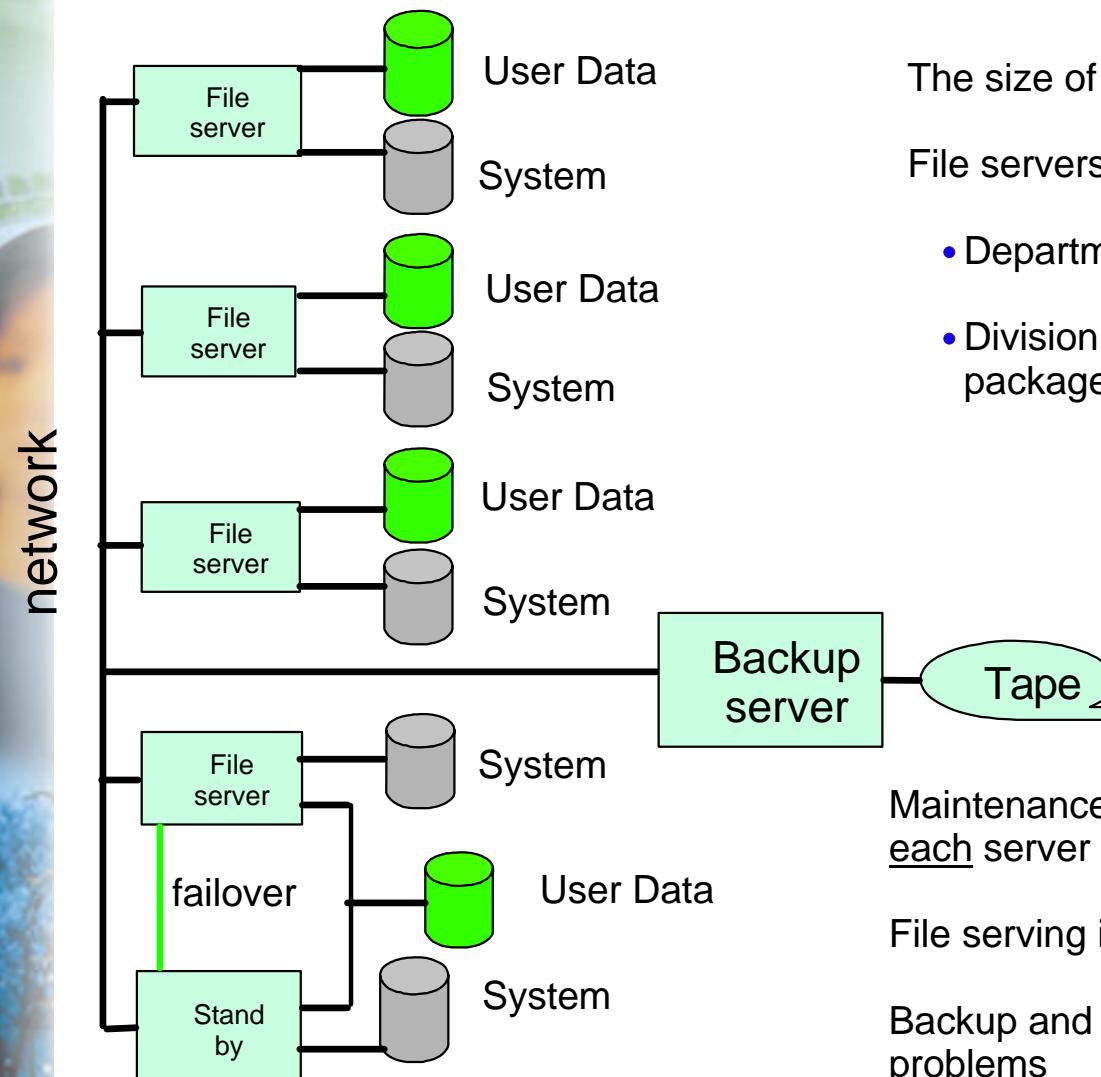
Linux for S/390 Network Constructs



*Model Dependant: G5 G6 zSeries



File Serving - Classical Scenario



The size of many file servers is small to medium

File servers are distributed because

- Departments want to control their own servers
- Division of data and users into small manageable packages

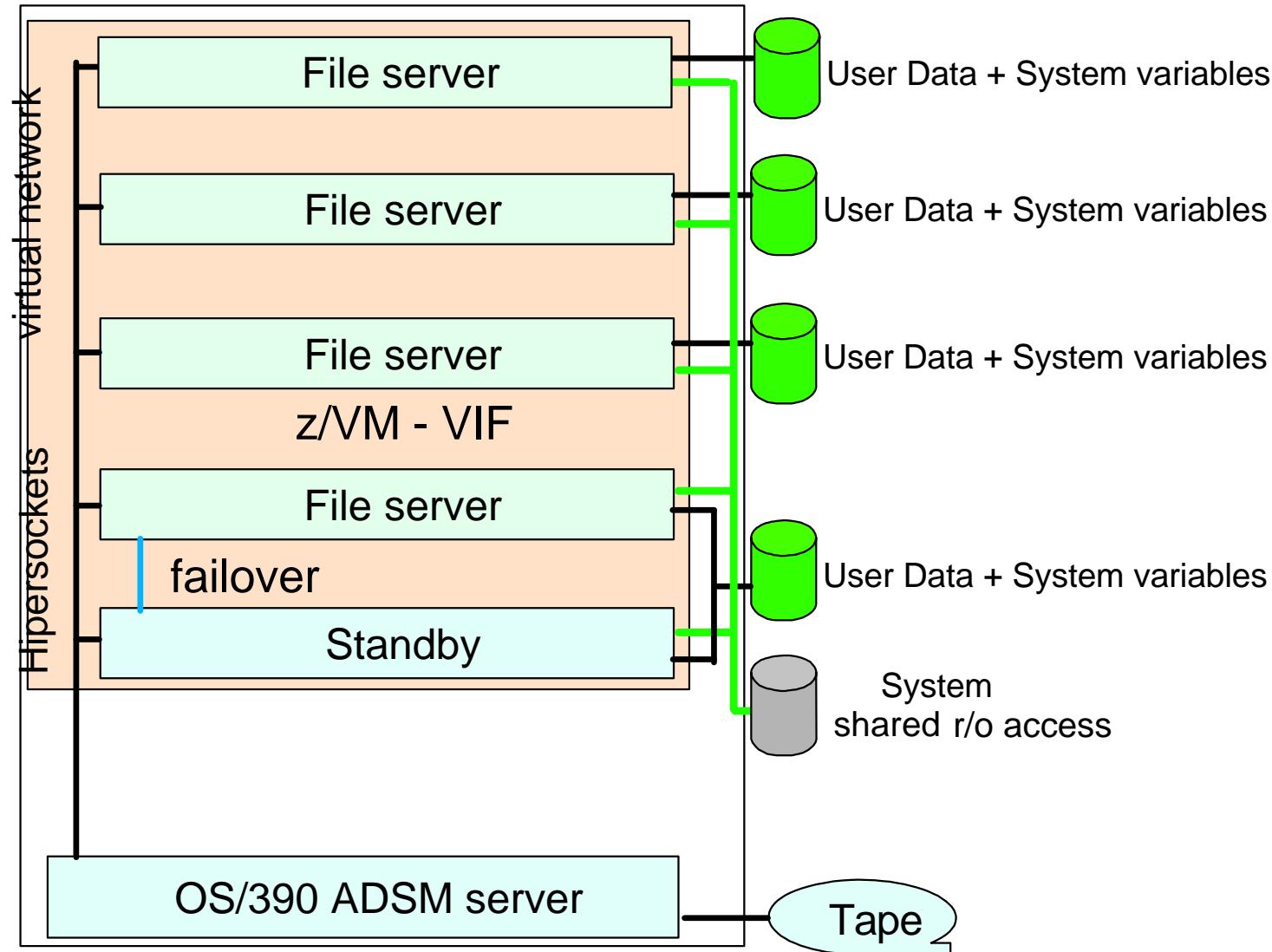
Maintenance and system updates have to be done for each server

File serving is I/O intensive, CPU utilization low

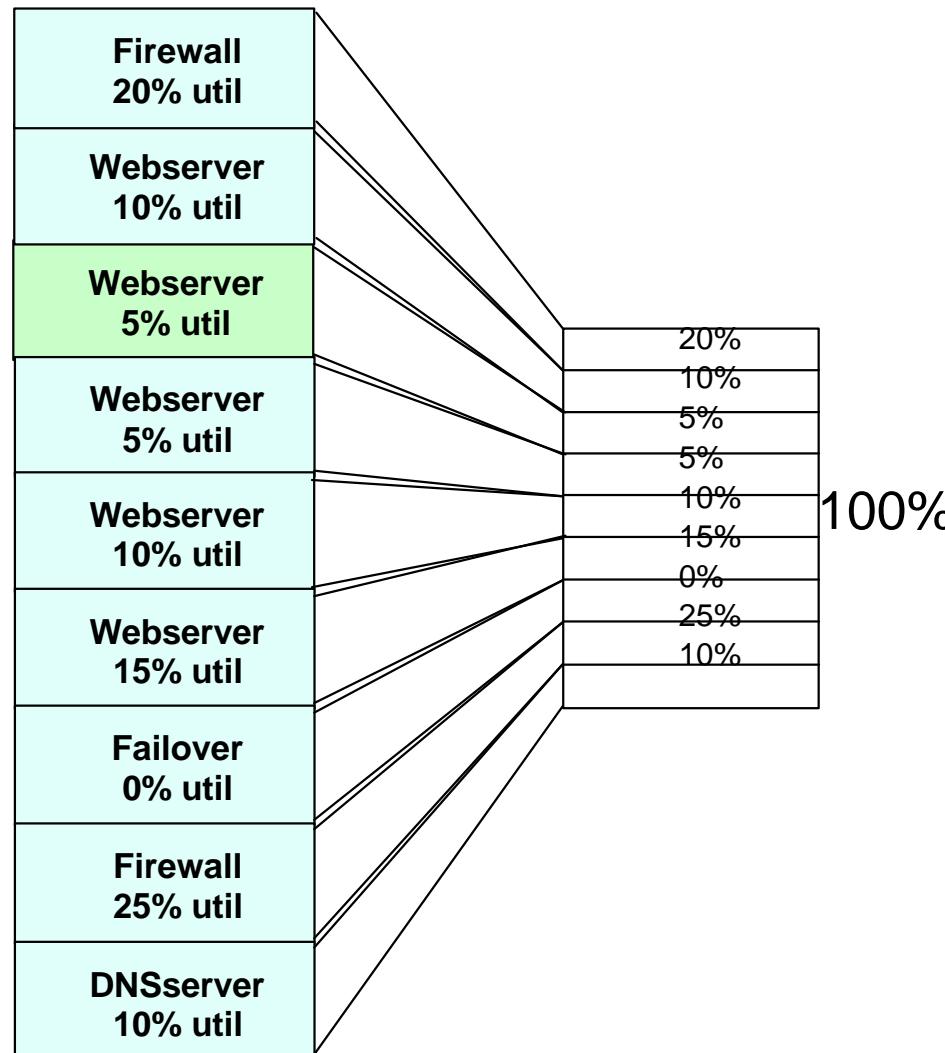
Backup and recovery over network causes bandwidth problems



File Serving with Linux on zSeries



Webserving: Typical Utilizations



The ISP specialty

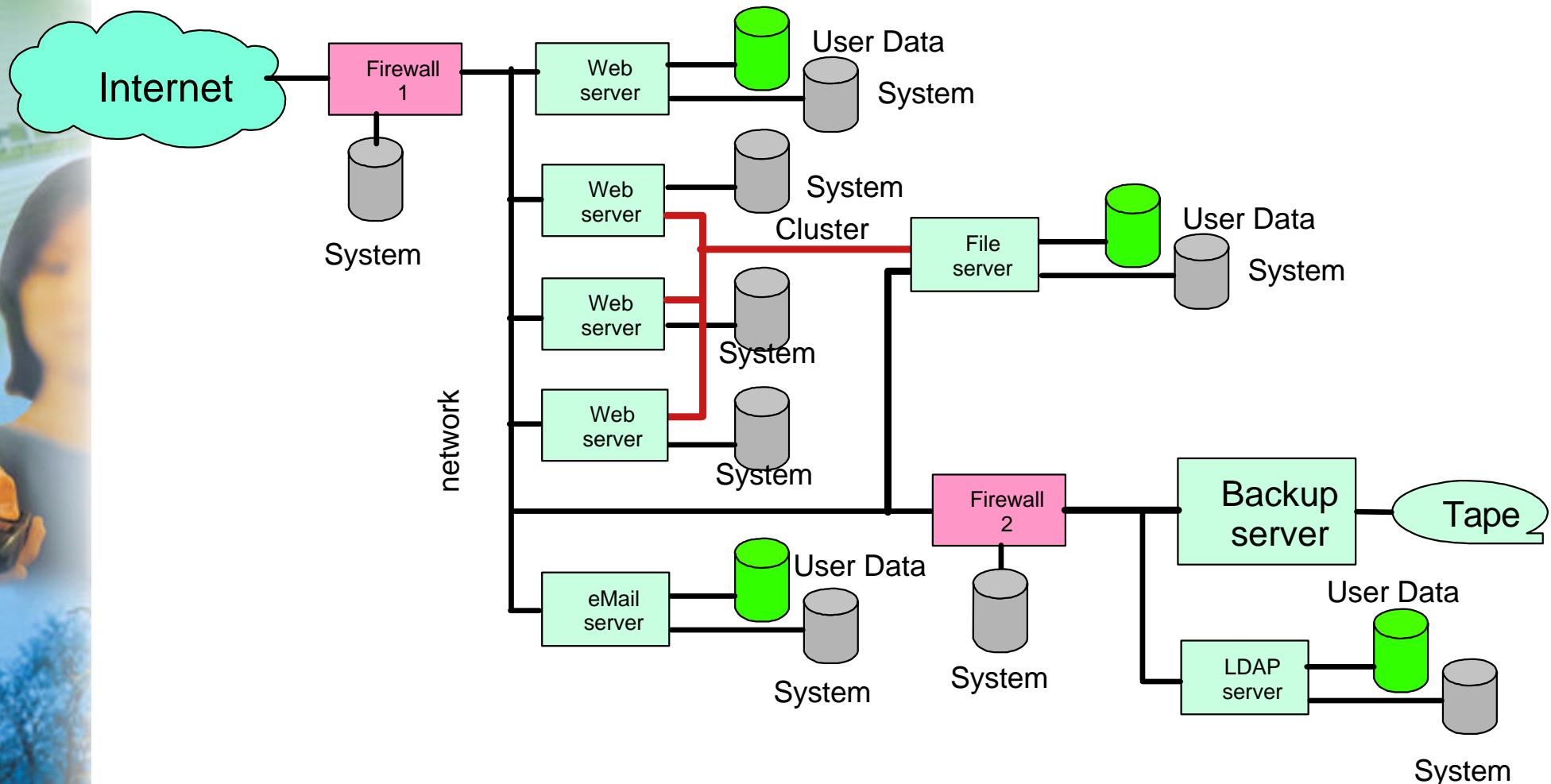
- Websites with self written applications (CGI, servlets) have to run each on it's own server
- Many of these are small, <100MB disk space
- CPU utilization is in most cases very low

Many server can be consolidated on one zSeries or S/390 CPU

Mix of consolidated servers allow for less white space for peak performance

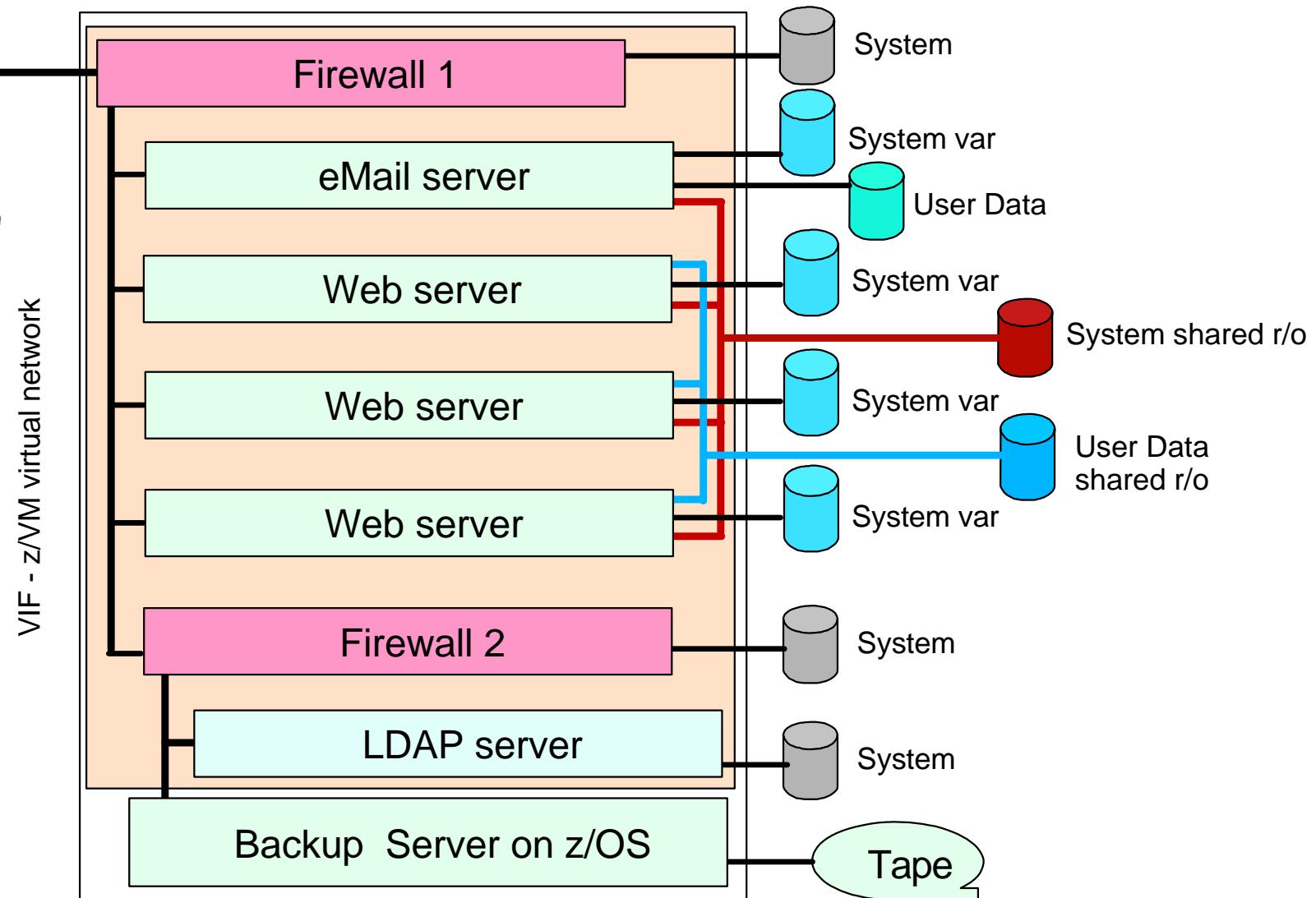


Web Serving Classical Scenario



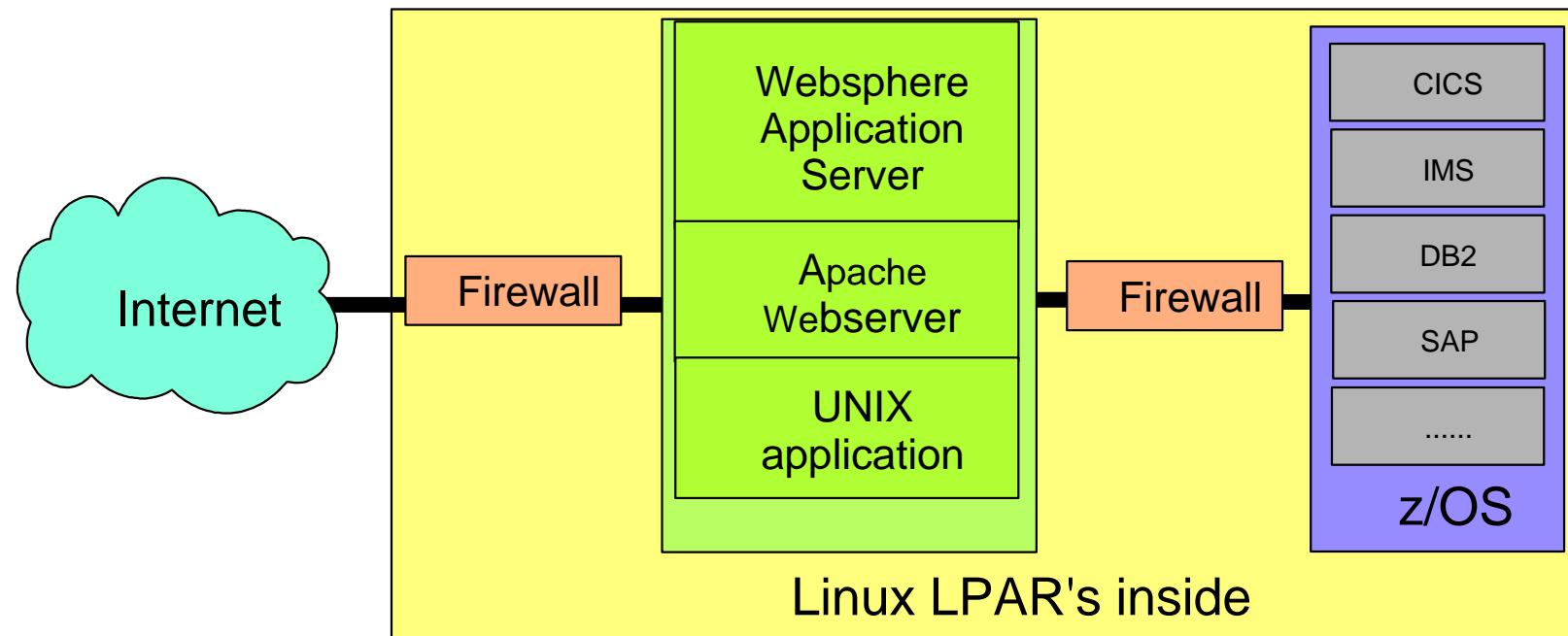


Webserving with Linux on zSeries





Backend integration with Linux

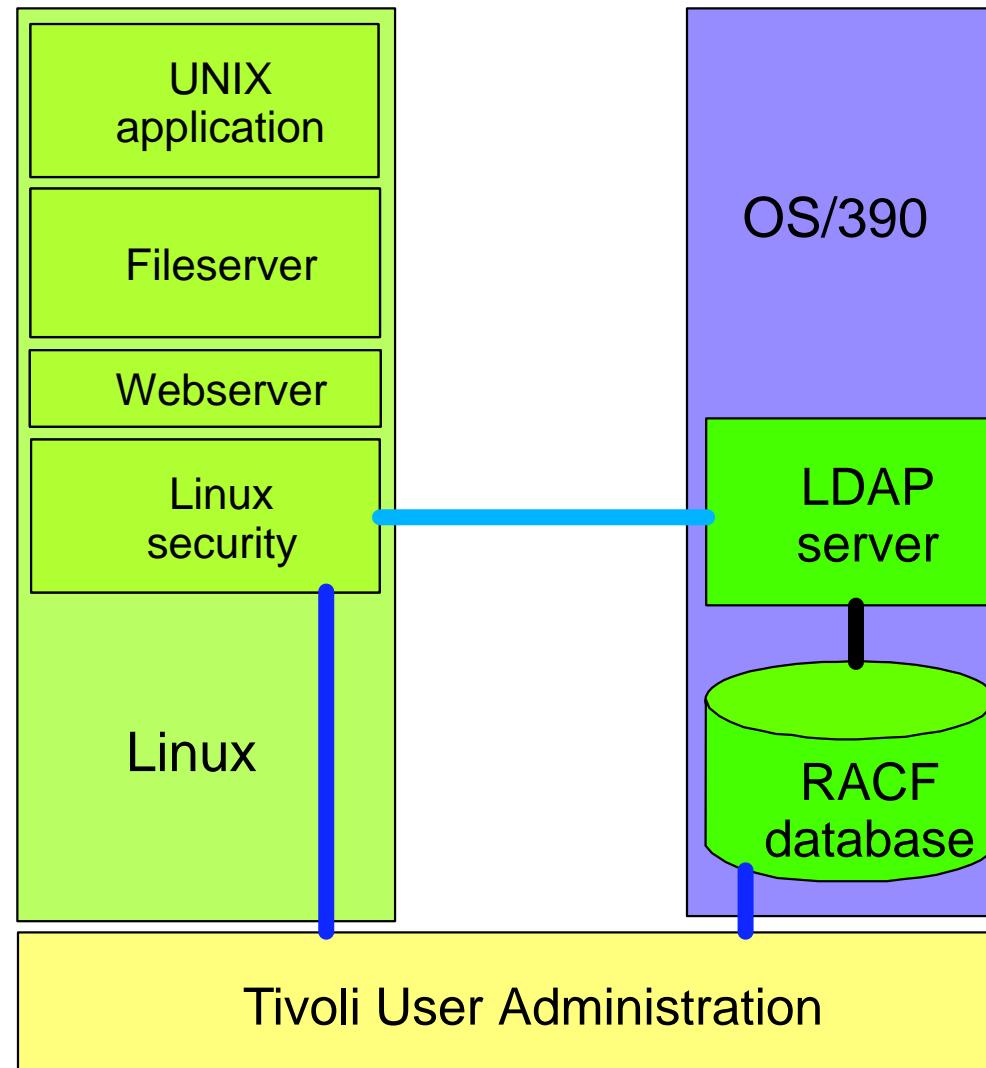


Application Integration

- ✓ Using of Linux and WebSphere Application Server as Web front-end to classical back-end applications like DB2, CICS, IMS
- ✓ Using of firewalls on Linux instances makes it possible to have the DMZ with webserver plus back-end application on one piece of hardware
- ✓ Hyper sockets and IUCV connections provide high bandwidth between servers



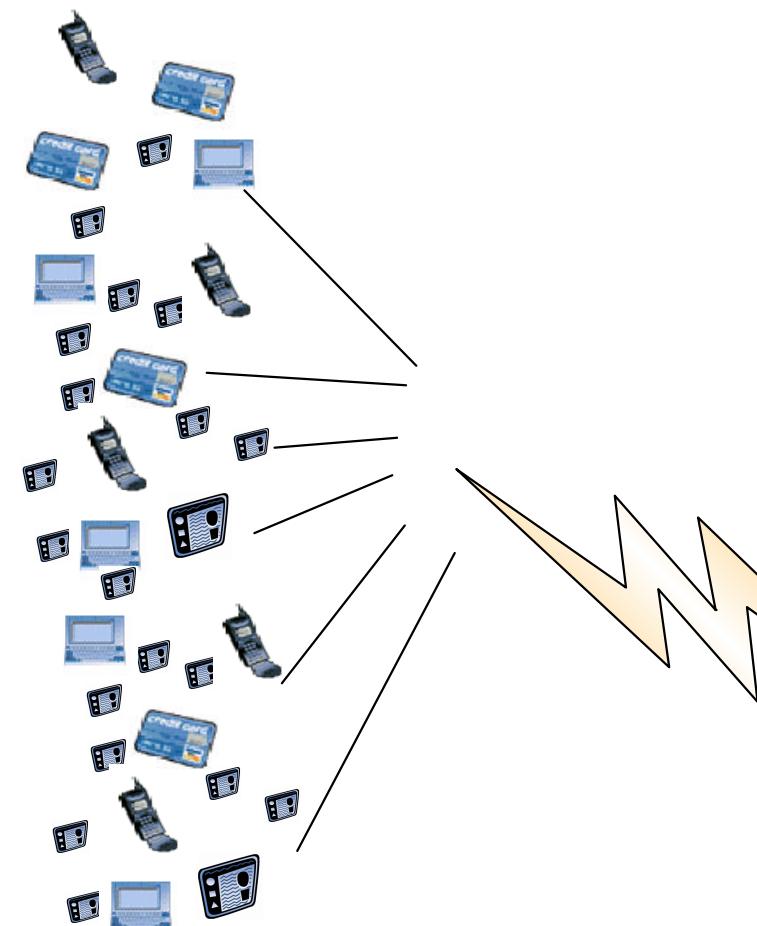
Backend integration... continued



Security integration with z/OS

- ✓ Connection of Linux to RACF via LDAP allows for single user ID and password space in the systems, e.g. fileserving
- ✓ Easy development and deployment of new applications using back-end z/OS resources

Other important directory services in z/OS are: NetWare Directory Services (NDS), the Java Naming and Directory Interface (JNDI) and the Domino® Name and Address Book.



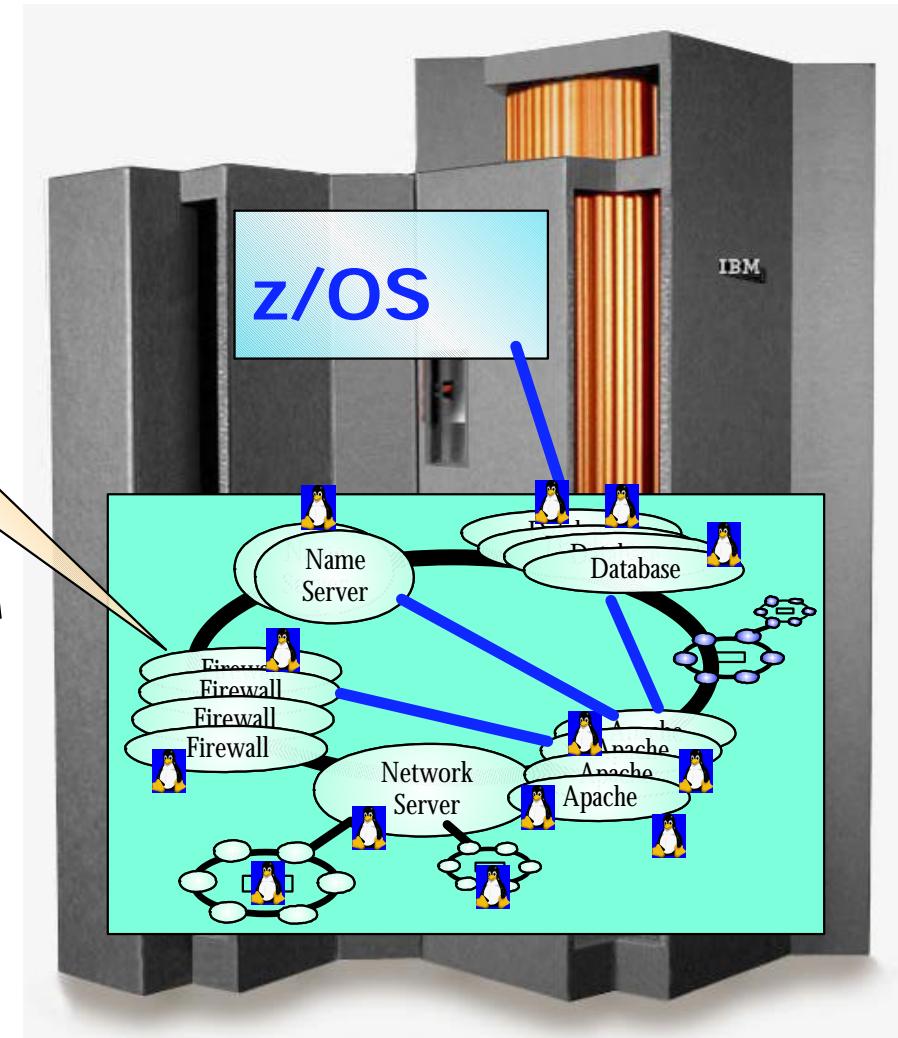
1 Physical Server

MAPS 100-1000's of Servers

Provides a SHARED I/O configuration

Eliminate Encryption / Decryption between Servers

A Winning Combination





mySAP.com® on Linux for zSeries



generation e business

CeBIT, Hannover, Germany, March 22, 2001...

"With IBM supporting Linux on the eServer zSeries, customers now benefit immediately from the availability of mySAP.com on this hardware platform. The early SAP commitment to Linux proves to be the right decision."



Karl-Heinz Hess, member of the SAP Extended Executive Board

"This combination of technologies -- with mySAP.com and the z900 at its core --- provides our mutual customers with superior reliability, outstanding systems management, and breadth of applications available on Linux, all at a competitive price."

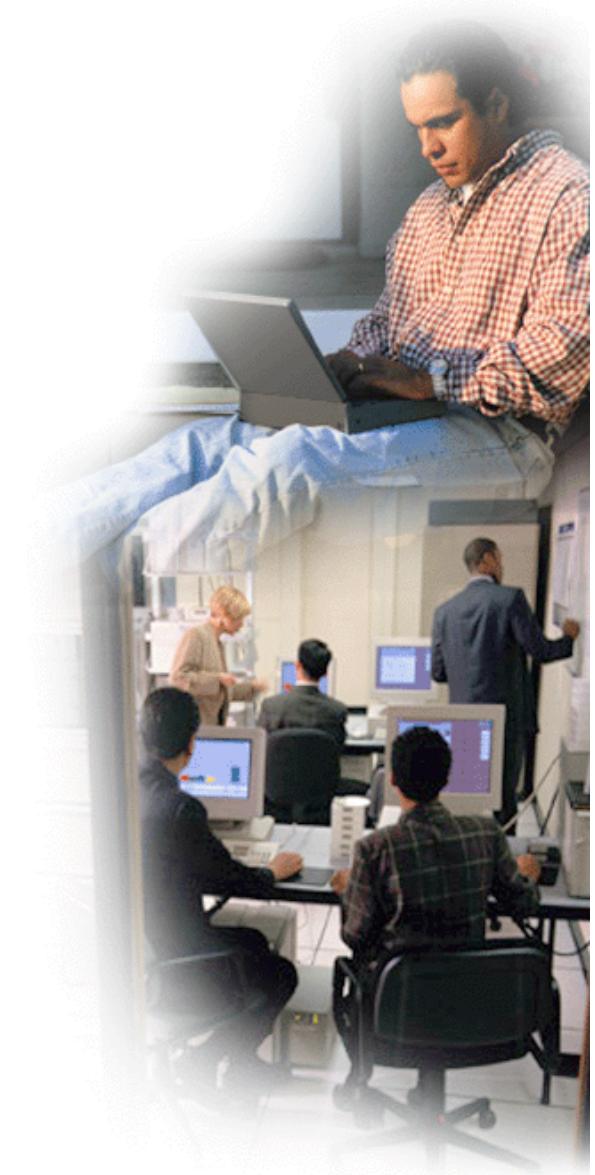


Dan Colby, general manager, Enterprise Servers, IBM



from the Internet to the Enterprise...

- Open Source projects with IBM active in the community
 - ▶ Networking
 - ▶ Systems Management - cluster installation
 - ▶ Journalled File System - JFS port to Linux
 - ▶ Kernel performance - scheduler, Java
 - ▶ glibc/mathlib work - IA-64 high-precision math functions
 - ▶ Linux Standards Base participation
 - ▶ Logical Volume Manager
- More Open Source in the works
(Scalability, clustering, RAS, networking...)
- IBM Linux Technology Center
- Building world-wide IBM Linux technical team
 - ▶ Austin, Portland, Raleigh, Rochester, Poughkeepsie, Endicott, Somers, Yorktown, Boeblingen, Haifa, TRL, India, Hursley...





Websites and contacts

Linux at IBM

<http://www.ibm.com/linux>

IBM zSeries

<http://www.ibm.com/eserver/zseries>

Linux Application Tools

<http://www.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/os/linux/ldt>

IBM developerWorks website with Linux for S/390 modifications

<http://oss.software.ibm.com/developerworksopensource/linux390/index.html>

Marist College Linux for S/390

<http://linux390.marist.edu>

SuSE Linux Enterprise Server for S/390

<http://www.suse.com/en/produkte/susesoft/s390>

Princeton University Linux for S/390 site - compiled tools / applications

<http://penguinvm.princeton.edu/>

Thinking Objects Linux for S/390 site - compiled tools / applications

<http://linux.s390.org>